

International Islamic University Chittagong
Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Assignment Examination Autumn-2019

Course Code: **EEE 3621 (Section-A+B)**

Program: B.Sc. Engg. (EEE)

Course Title: **Engineering Electromagnetism**

Full Marks: **5×8=40**

Time: Within **12 Hrs** from the time of Assignment launched. *Late submission may cause maximum 10 marks deduction.*

Please Answer One of the Question Groups from bellow.

****Please show the **Calculation of Question Group Selection** at the 1st page of answer sheet. Without calculation **two** marks will be deducted.***

Question Group-1: 1(a), 2(a), 3(a), 4(a), 5(a)---5×8=40 Marks

Question Group-2: 1(b), 2(b), 3(b), 4(b), 5(b)---5×8=40 Marks

Question Group-3: 1(a), 2(b), 3(a), 4(b), 5(a)---5×8=40 Marks

Question Group-4: 1(b), 2(a), 3(b), 4(a), 5(b)---5×8=40 Marks

Question Group Selection Process:

LDI=x=Last digit of student ID

[For Question Selection: (Last digit of Student ID=x)+(the Digit before last digit of Student ID=y)= $Z \div 2$ =**Result of Division (RD)**; then Do, **RD-5**=then **Modulus of the result is Your Question Number**. If the value of **Z=0** , answer **Question Group-1**, if **Z=1**, answer **Question Group-2**. Moreover, if **RD-5=0** answer **Question Group-3**.

Example: for St. ID =ET 151014; St. last digit of ID=4=x; and the digit before last digit of ID is =1=y; So, $Z=(x+y)=(4+1)=5$. Now $(Z \div 2)=(5 \div 2)=2=RD$. Now, $(RD-5)= -3=$ Modulus of $-3=3$; So you have to Answer **Question Group-3**.]

1(a). “An isolated magnetic charge does not exist”, justify the statement.

08

Find the **magnetic field intensity** at a point (0,0, **LDI+1**) on the axis of a circular loop of radius **3cm** that carries a direct current **20mA**.

1(b). “Magneto-static field is not conservative” , justify the statement.

08

Figure 1. shows a conducting loop of area 20 cm^2 and resistance 4Ω . If the time varying $B = [(LDI+1) \times 10] \cos 10^4 t \text{ a}_z \text{ mWb/m}^2$, find the **induced current** in the loop, where symbols have their usual meaning.

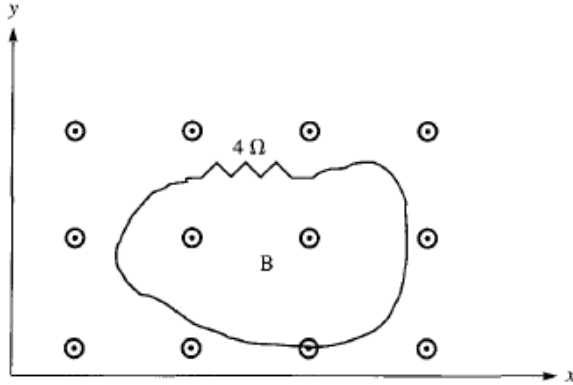


Fig.1

2(a). Electric field intensity of a linearly polarized uniform plain wave propagating in the +z direction in the lossless media is, $E = a_x 100 \cos (10^7 \pi t) \text{ V/m}$ at $z=0$. The constitutive parameters of the media are, $\epsilon_r=80$, $\mu_r=1$ and $\sigma=1.4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ S/m}$. Determine the attenuation constant, phase constant, intrinsic impedance, phase velocity and wavelength.

08

2(b). The electric field in free space is given by

08

$$E = 50 \cos(10^8 t - \beta x) a_y \text{ V/m. Find}$$

- The direction of wave propagation.
- Calculate β , λ and the time it takes to travel a distance $\lambda/2$, where symbols have their usual meaning.

3(a). How standing wave is formed? Explain from transmission coefficient.

08

Suppose, wave entering from medium1 air (η_0) to medium2 conductor (η_c) and $\eta_c \gg \eta_0$. Find E_t , E_r , H_t , H_r ; where symbols have their usual meaning.

3(b). Differentiate between Brewster's Angle and Critical angle.

08

Medium-1 and medium-2 lossless non-ferromagnetic dielectric where, $\mu_1=\mu_2=\mu_0$. Wave entering to conductor. Permittivity for medium-1 is ϵ_1 and permittivity for medium-2 is ϵ_2 . Find, E_r and E_t ; where symbols have their usual meaning.

- 4(a).** It is found that attenuation on a $50\ \Omega$ distortion less transmission line is $0.01\ \text{(dB/m)}$. The line has a capacitance of $0.1\ \text{(nF/m)}$. **Determine** resistance, inductance and conductance per meter of line. Also **find** the value of attenuation, resistance, inductance and conductance per meter of line **if it would be lossless** line. **08**
- 4(b).** A 30m long lossless transmission line with $Z_0=50\ \Omega$ operating at 2MHz is terminated at a load $Z_L=60+j40\Omega$. If $u=0.6c$ on the line, find, (1) reflection coefficient, (2) standing wave ratio (3) input impedance (4) phase constant (5) transmission coefficient. **08**
- 5(a).** What is importance of cutoff frequency for waveguide? Why TE_{10} mode is called fundamental mode for waveguide? **08**
- 5(b).** A waveguide, with dimensions $a = [\text{LDI}+2]\ \text{cm}$ and $b = [0.\text{LDI}+0.2]\ \text{cm}$, is to be used at $20\ \text{GHz}$. **Determine** the wave impedance for the dominant mode when (a) the guide is empty, and (b) the guide is filled with polyethylene (whose $\epsilon_r = 2.25$) **08**