

International Islamic University Chittagong
Department of Economics & Banking
Semester Ending Examination, Spring-2023
Program: BSS(Honors)

Course Code: MATH 2302
Time: 02 Hours & 30 Minutes

Course Title: Mathematical Economics
Full Marks: 50

Answer following questions. All parts of a question must be answered sequentially. Figures in the right margin indicate full marks.

| QN | Description of questions | Marks | CLO PLO | Cognitive learning |
|------|---|-------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Consider the following input coefficient matrix and final demand vector: $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.2 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 & 0.4 \\ 0.1 & 0.0 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}; d = \begin{bmatrix} 130 \\ 40 \\ 580 \end{bmatrix}$ | 02 | CLO-3 & PLO-1 | Remember Evaluate |
| | i. Write out the economic meanings of 0, 0.2, 0.4 and 40. | 01 | | |
| | ii. What does the 1 st column sum of input coefficient matrix measure? | 04 | | |
| | iii. Find solution output levels of three industries. | 03 | | |
| | iv. Determine the amount of input supplied by first industry to all three industries? | | | |
| 2(a) | Use the Lagrangian multiplier method to find the stationary value of Z: $Z = xy$, subject to $x + 2y = 2$ | 04 | CLO-4 & PLO-4 | Apply Evaluate |
| 2(b) | Define the following concepts with numerical example : (i) Local and global optimum, (ii) Point of inflection, (iii) Technology matrix | 06 | | |
| | Or | | | |
| 2(a) | Use the Lagrangian multiplier method to find the stationary value of z: $Z = xy$, subject to $2x + 3y = 500$ | 04 | CLO-4 & PLO-4 | Apply Evaluate |
| 2(b) | Assume a production function $Q = 96K^{0.3}L^{0.7}$. Determine maximum production at $C = 1000, P_k = 10, P_l = 5$. | 06 | | |
| 3(a) | Distinguish between free optimization and constrained optimization. | 02 | | |
| 3(b) | Determine the extreme value(s) of $Z = 2x_1^2 + x_1x_2 + 4x_2^2 + x_1x_3 + x_3^2 + 2$ | 05 | CLO-4 & PLO-4 | Analyze Evaluate |
| 3(c) | Determine the relative extrema of the function $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 9$ | 03 | | |
| | Or | | | |
| 3(a) | Distinguish between free optimization and constraint optimization. | 02 | | |
| 3(b) | Determine the extreme value(s) of (i) $y = 3x^2 - 6x + 2$ (ii) $Z = x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 - 3x_1x_2 + 4x_2x_3 + 6x_3^2$ | 05 | CLO-4 & PLO-4 | Analyze Evaluate |
| 4 | A two product firm faces the demand and cost functions below: $P_1 = 55 - Q_1 - Q_2$ $P_2 = 70 - Q_1 - 2Q_2$ $C = Q_1^2 + Q_1Q_2 + Q_2^2$ | 04 | CLO-4 & PLO-4 | Create Remember |
| | (i) Determine the output levels that satisfy the first-order condition for maximum profit. | 04 | | |
| | (ii) Develop the second-order sufficient condition. | 02 | | |
| | (iii) What is the maximum profit? | | | |
| 5 | A firm faces the following demand and cost functions: $Q = 100 - P$ $C = \frac{1}{3}Q^3 - 7Q^2 + 111Q + 50$ | 10 | CLO-4 & PLO-4 | Remember Create Evaluate |
| | (i) Write out the total revenue function R in terms of Q. | | | |
| | (ii) Formulate the total profit function in terms of Q. | | | |
| | (iii) Determine the profit-maximizing level of output. | | | |
| | (iv) Prove that, revenue-maximizing level of output is greater than the profit maximizing level of output. | | | |
| | (v) What is the maximum profit? | | | |